

5.1 The Tragedy of the Commons

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____ **Total: 9 marks****KEY WORDS** tragedy of the commons 公地悲剧 • overfishing 过度捕捞 • overgrazing 过度放牧

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on the **tragedy of the commons**.**You must be able to:**

- explain the **tragedy of the commons** 公地悲剧
- give examples (overfishing, grazing, pollution)
- describe solutions (regulation, privatization, quotas)

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later — follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

■ The idea

The **tragedy of the commons** occurs when a shared resource (open to all, owned by none) is **overused** because each individual benefits from using more, while the cost of depletion is shared by everyone.

■ Why it happens

Each user gains the **full benefit** of taking more, but bears only a **small share** of the harm. So everyone takes as much as they can, and the resource collapses.

■ Examples

Overfishing shared oceans, overgrazing common pasture, polluting shared air/water — all are commons problems.

■ Solutions

- **Regulation** — laws limiting use.
- **Quotas** — caps on how much each can take.
- **Privatization** — giving ownership so the owner protects the resource.
- International agreements for global commons.

2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 What is the tragedy of the commons? [1]**2.2** Give one example of a commons problem. [1]**2.3** State one solution. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 The tragedy of the commons happens because each user gains the full benefit but [1]

A	B
C	D

A bears the full cost**B** shares the cost with everyone**C** gains no benefit**D** owns the resource**3.2** Fishers all take as many fish as they can from an open ocean.

(a) Explain why this leads to collapse of the fishery. [2]

(b) State one solution that could prevent it. [1]

3.3 Explain how assigning ownership (privatization) can protect a shared resource. [2]