

1.4 The Carbon Cycle

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 10 marks**KEY WORDS** reservoirs 碳库 • fossil fuels 化石燃料 • carbon cycle 碳循环

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on the **carbon cycle**.**You must be able to:**

- name the processes that move carbon (**photosynthesis, respiration, decomposition, combustion**)
- identify carbon **reservoirs** 碳库
- explain how humans disturb the cycle

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later — follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

■ Moving carbon

The **carbon cycle** moves carbon between the atmosphere, organisms, oceans, and rocks:

- Photosynthesis** removes CO₂ from the air.
- Respiration** and **decomposition** return CO₂.
- Combustion** (burning fossil fuels) releases stored carbon.

■ Reservoirs

Carbon is stored in **reservoirs**: the atmosphere (CO₂), organisms, the ocean (dissolved), soil, and rocks/fossil fuels (the largest, slowest store).

■ Human disturbance

Burning **fossil fuels** adds CO₂ far faster than natural processes remove it, raising atmospheric CO₂ and driving climate change. Deforestation also reduces CO₂ uptake.

■ A worked link

A tree takes in CO₂ (photosynthesis); when it burns or decays, that carbon returns to the atmosphere.

2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 Which process removes CO₂ from the atmosphere? [1]**2.2** Name two processes that return CO₂ to the atmosphere. [2]**2.3** Name the largest, slowest carbon reservoir. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 The process that removes carbon dioxide from the air is [1]

A	B
C	D

A respiration**B** combustion**C** photosynthesis**D** decomposition**3.2** Humans burn large amounts of fossil fuels.

(a) Explain how this disturbs the carbon cycle. [2]

(b) State one other human activity that affects the cycle. [1]

3.3 Explain why atmospheric CO₂ is rising even though photosynthesis removes CO₂. [2]