

Solutions

Each answer shows the steps, then the **result**.

2.1

- effective when commentary explains a logical relationship between evidence and claim; sufficient when quantity and quality aptly support the line of reasoning

2.2

- whatever supports one claim, which may be a single word or a whole stanza

2.3

(a)

- analysing evidence then forming a line of reasoning; forming a line of reasoning then identifying evidence

(b)

- it spends the reader's attention on words the essay does not use

3.1 A

- quality

3.2 A

- it supports one claim

3.3

(a)

- most of the quotation does no work

(b)

- quote only the phrase containing the adjective, or expand the commentary so the rest of the stanza earns its place