

AP English Literature and Composition

Name: _____ Score: _____

1. Select **all** the things the CED says reveal a character's significance.

- ☐ the length of their scenes
- ☐ their name
- ☐ their agency
- ☐ nuanced descriptions

Tick every correct option.

2. Select **all** the things the CED says an antagonist may be.

- ☐ a collective such as society
- ☐ another character
- ☐ the reader
- ☐ the protagonist's internal conflicts

Tick every correct option.

3. Conflict among characters often arises from tensions generated by their different...

- ☐ personalities
- ☐ ages
- ☐ value systems
- ☐ backgrounds

4. Before writing about a character and their environment, you must decide...

- ☐ what period it is
- ☐ how large the room is
- ☐ who owns it
- ☐ whether the character shaped the place or the place shaped them

5. On the AP exam you should identify and label the archetype you find.

- ☐ True ☐ False

6. Select **all** the ways such narrators handle events, per the CED.

- ☐ refuse to mention them
- ☐ predict them
- ☐ describe them as they occur

- ☐ recall them

Tick every correct option.

7. Select **all** the dimensions of narrative distance the CED names.

- ☐ physical distance
- ☐ relationships
- ☐ chronological distance
- ☐ vocabulary

Tick every correct option.

8. The habit that prevents a good reading of the wrong thing is...

- ☐ naming three devices
- ☐ quoting more
- ☐ putting the prompt's noun in your thesis
- ☐ writing a longer introduction

9. Select **all** the jobs the CED gives body paragraphs.

- ☐ justify claims using evidence
- ☐ summarise the text
- ☐ provide commentary linking evidence to the thesis
- ☐ develop the reasoning

Tick every correct option.

10. Adding transitions can make an essay with the wrong paragraph order coherent.

- ☐ True ☐ False

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1. **their agency; nuanced descriptions**

Length and naming are not on the CED's list.

2. **a collective such as society; another character; the protagonist's internal conflicts**

Nature completes the list; the reader is not in the narrative.

3. **value systems**

Two people can like each other and still be in conflict.

4. **whether the character shaped the place or the place shaped them**

The same detail supports opposite readings depending on the direction.

5. **False**

The CED says outright that students are **not expected** to do this.

6. **describe them as they occur; recall them**

The CED names exactly those two.

7. **physical distance; relationships; chronological distance**

Emotional investment completes the four; vocabulary is diction.

8. **putting the prompt's noun in your thesis**

Every literature prompt names what you must interpret.

9. **justify claims using evidence; provide commentary linking evidence to the thesis; develop the reasoning**

Summary is not one of the three.

10. **False**

Coherence lives in the **arrangement**; devices only indicate relationships the order already has.