

9. Refining Qualified Arguments

Starter Quiz · 课前小测

AP English Language and Composition

Name: _____ Score: _____

1. The difference between rebutting and refuting is that refuting...

- ☐ is more polite
- ☐ demonstrates invalidity with evidence
- ☐ comes at the end
- ☐ concedes first

2. You have a contrasting perspective but no evidence of invalidity. The right move is to...

- ☐ refute
- ☐ rebut
- ☐ ignore it
- ☐ restate your thesis

3. Select **all** the routes to conceding that the CED names.

- ☐ accept all or part of the competing claim
- ☐ agree it is correct under different circumstances
- ☐ acknowledge the limitations of your own argument
- ☐ ignore the competing claim

Tick every correct option.

4. The turn after a concession may re-argue exactly what was conceded.

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

5. If a text contains no counterargument, the writer has made a mistake.

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

6. A concession costs only the _____ you gave up.

7. Evidence and sources will either support, complement, or _____ a writer's thesis.

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Answers · 答案

AP English Language and Composition

1. **demonstrates invalidity with evidence**

A rebuttal only **proposes** invalidity; a refutation **demonstrates** it.

2. **rebut**

A rebuttal proposes invalidity; attempting a refutation without evidence is the commonest exam mistake.

3. **accept all or part of the competing claim; agree it is correct under different circumstances; acknowledge the limitations of your own argument**

The third route does not concern the opponent at all.

4. **False**

That withdraws the concession — turn on **different** ground and make the turn narrower.

5. **False**

The CED states that **not all arguments explicitly address a counterargument**.

6. **claim**

And it buys credibility with the reader who reads your next paragraph.

7. **contradict**

Check which one before assuming a quoted source is on the writer's side.