

Solutions

Each answer shows the steps, then the **result**.

2.1

- a dash isolates and emphasises; parentheses subordinate the material

2.2

- a semicolon joins two closely related independent clauses; a colon introduces what fulfils the preceding statement

2.3

(a)

- an inconsistent shift of person

(b)

- the reader must relocate themselves, which distracts from the argument

3.1 B

- the colon points forward to the fulfilment

3.2 B

- an unchecked text invites doubt about its facts

3.3

- correct punctuation supplied; the exception is emphasised, e.g. with a dash or colon before “the largest”