

Solutions

Each answer shows the steps, then the **result**.

2.1

- presentation is the order on the page; dependence is which claims must be accepted before others can be made

2.2

- it begins from a visible effect and infers what must be producing it

2.3

(a)

- an implied comparison or parallel

(b)

- as a reasoning move made by structure rather than by a stated claim

3.1 B

- dependence, not sequence, defines the reasoning

3.2 B

- inference from effect to cause is a standard argumentative move

3.3

(a)

- making an abstract claim concrete, or securing attention before a difficult step

(b)

- test whether the argument would still hold without it: if the following claim depends on it, it serves the reasoning; if not, it is a digression