

Exercise walk-through

Crowdsourcing ■ 5.4

eXercise

You must be able to

- explain how **crowdsourcing** 众包 obtains input from a large group
- describe how the Internet **enables** crowdsourcing at scale
- identify examples such as **citizen science** 公民科学, reviews, and collaborative funding
- recognize challenges such as reliability and **quality** 质量 control

Method — Crowdsourcing

Obtaining input, ideas, or content from a **large group of people**. The **Internet** enables it on a global scale.

Method — Examples

Citizen science (the public helps classify data), product **reviews**, and collaborative **funding**.

Method — Benefits and challenges

Benefits include **diverse contributions** and shared effort; challenges include the **reliability** and **quality control** of crowdsourced data.

Practice 2.1 ■ 1 mark

Define crowdsourcing.

Solution 2.1

Worked steps

obtaining input, ideas, or content from a large group of people **B1**.

Practice 2.2 ■ 1 mark

Give one example of crowdsourcing.

Solution 2.2

Worked steps

any one of: citizen science, online reviews, crowdfunding **B1**.

Practice 2.3 ■ 1 mark

State one challenge of crowdsourced data.

Solution 2.3

Method: Benefits and challenges

Worked steps

the reliability or quality of the contributed data **B1**.

Exam-style 3.1 ■ 1 mark

Crowdsourcing obtains input from

- A** one expert
- B** a large group of people
- C** a single computer
- D** no one

Solution 3.1

Method: Crowdsourcing

- A one expert
- B a large group of people
- C a single computer
- D no one



Worked steps

B.

Exam-style 3.2 ■ 1 mark

Crowdsourcing is enabled at a global scale by

A the Internet

B encryption

C a compiler

D a single server

Solution 3.2

Method: Crowdsourcing

A the Internet



B encryption

C a compiler

D a single server

Worked steps

A.

Exam-style 3.3 ■ 1 mark

A science project asks the public to classify photos of galaxies.

- (a) Name this practice.
- (b) State one benefit.
- (c) State one challenge.

Solution 3.3

Method: Examples

Worked steps

(a) citizen science (a form of crowdsourcing) **B1**. (b) many diverse contributors share the effort **B1**. (c) ensuring the data is reliable and good quality **B1**.