

Question 3: Array / ArrayList**9 points****Canonical solution**

(a)

```
public double getAverageRating()
{
    int sum = 0;

    for (Review r : allReviews)
    {
        sum += r.getRating();
    }

    return (double) sum / allReviews.length;
}
```

3 points

(b)

```
public ArrayList<String> collectComments()
{
    ArrayList<String> commentList = new ArrayList<String>();

    for (int i = 0; i < allReviews.length; i++)
    {
        String comment = allReviews[i].getComment();
        if (comment.indexOf("!") >= 0)
        {
            String last =
                comment.substring(comment.length() - 1);
            if (!last.equals("!") && !last.equals("."))
            {
                comment += ".";
            }
            commentList.add(i + "-" + comment);
        }
    }
    return commentList;
}
```

6 points

(a) `getAverageRating`

Scoring Criteria		Decision Rules	
1	Initializes and accumulates sum	Response can still earn the point even if they - fail to use a loop to accumulate - fail to call <code>getRating</code> or call <code>getRating</code> incorrectly	1 point
2	Accesses every element of <code>allReviews</code> (<i>no bounds errors</i>)	Responses will not earn the point if they access the elements of <code>allReviews</code> incorrectly	1 point
3	Computes and returns <code>double</code> average rating based on <code>getRating</code> return values (<i>algorithm</i>)	Response can still earn the point even if they - fail to initialize the accumulator for the sum Responses will not earn the point if they - fail to accumulate the sum of all ratings - use integer division to compute average - include parameters on call to <code>getRating</code> - fail to call <code>getRating</code> on all elements of <code>allReviews</code>	1 point
Total for part (a)			3 points

(b) `collectComments`

Scoring Criteria		Decision Rules	
4	Instantiates an <code>ArrayList</code> capable of holding <code>String</code> objects		1 point
5	Accesses every element of <code>allReviews</code> (<i>no bounds errors</i>)	Responses can still earn the point even if they - fail to keep track of the index Responses will not earn the point if they - access the elements of <code>allReviews</code> incorrectly	1 point
6	Calls <code>getComment</code> on an element of <code>allReviews</code> , calls at least one <code>String</code> method appropriately on the <code>getComment</code> return value, and all <code>String</code> method calls are syntactically	Responses can still earn the point even if they - call some of the <code>String</code> methods on objects other than <code>getComment</code> return values Responses will not earn the point if they - include a parameter when calling <code>getComment</code> - call any <code>String</code> methods incorrectly - call any <code>String</code> methods on objects other than <code>String</code> values	1 point
7	Compares the final character of the comment to both a period and an exclamation point	Responses can still earn the point even if they - use incorrect logic in the comparison - call <code>String</code> methods incorrectly Responses will not earn the point if they - use <code>==</code> instead of <code>equals</code> when comparing <code>String</code> objects	1 point
8	Assembles string appropriately based on result of comparison of last character with period and exclamation point (<i>algorithm</i>)	Responses can still earn the point even if they - call <code>String</code> methods incorrectly - use <code>==</code> instead of <code>equals</code> Responses will not earn the point if they - fail to keep track of the element index - use incorrect logic in the comparison	1 point
9	Adds all and only appropriate constructed strings to the <code>ArrayList</code> (<i>algorithm</i>)	Responses can still earn the point even if they - initialize the <code>ArrayList</code> incorrectly - fail to return the constructed <code>ArrayList</code> (<i>return is not assessed</i>) - assemble the review string incorrectly - access the elements of <code>allReviews</code> incorrectly	1 point

		Total for part (b)	6 points
Question-specific penalties			
None			
		Total for question 3	9 points

Applying the Scoring Criteria

Apply the question scoring criteria first, which always takes precedence. Penalty points can only be deducted in a part of the question that has earned credit via the question rubric. No part of a question (a, b, c) may have a negative point total. A given penalty can be assessed only once for a question, even if it occurs multiple times or in multiple parts of that question. A maximum of 3 penalty points may be assessed per question.

1-Point Penalty

- v) Array/collection access confusion (`[] get`)
- w) Extraneous code that causes side-effect (e.g., printing to output, incorrect precondition check)
- x) Local variables used but none declared
- y) Destruction of persistent data (e.g., changing value referenced by parameter)
- z) Void method or constructor that returns a value

No Penalty

- Extraneous code with no side-effect (e.g., valid precondition check, no-op)
- Spelling/case discrepancies where there is no ambiguity*
- Local variable not declared provided other variables are declared in some part
- `private` or `public` qualifier on a local variable
- Missing `public` qualifier on class or constructor header
- Keyword used as an identifier
- Common mathematical symbols used for operators (`x • ÷ ≤ ≥ <> ≠`)
- `[]` vs. `()` vs. `<>`
- `=` instead of `==` and vice versa
- `length/size` confusion for array, `String`, `List`, or `ArrayList`; with or without `()`
- Extraneous `[]` when referencing entire array
- `[i,j]` instead of `[i][j]`
- Extraneous size in array declaration, e.g., `int[size] nums = new int[size];`
- Missing `;` where structure clearly conveys intent
- Missing `{ }` where indentation clearly conveys intent
- Missing `()` on parameter-less method or constructor invocations
- Missing `()` around `if` or `while` conditions

*Spelling and case discrepancies for identifiers fall under the “No Penalty” category only if the correction can be **unambiguously** inferred from context, for example, “`ArrayList`” instead of “`Arraylist`”. As a counterexample, note that if the code declares `int G=99, g=0;`, then uses `while (G < 10)` instead of `while (g < 10)`, the context does **not** allow for the reader to assume the use of the lower case variable.

Question 3: Array / ArrayList

9 points

Canonical solution

(a) 3 points

```
public void addMembers(String[] names, int gradYear)
{
    for (String n : names)
    {
        MemberInfo newM = new MemberInfo(n, gradYear, true);
        memberList.add(newM);
    }
}
```

(b) 6 points

```
public ArrayList<MemberInfo> removeMembers(int year)
{
    ArrayList<MemberInfo> removed = new ArrayList<MemberInfo>();

    for (int i = memberList.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        if (memberList.get(i).getGradYear() <= year)
        {
            if (memberList.get(i).inGoodStanding())
            {
                removed.add(memberList.get(i));
            }
            memberList.remove(i);
        }
    }
    return removed;
}
```

(a) addMembers

Scoring Criteria		Decision Rules	
1	Accesses all elements of <code>names</code> (<i>no bounds errors</i>)	Responses will not earn the point if they fail to access elements of the array, even if loop bounds are correct	1 point
2	Instantiates a <code>MemberInfo</code> object with name from array, provided year, and good standing		1 point
3	Adds <code>MemberInfo</code> objects to <code>memberList</code> (<i>in the context of a loop</i>)	Responses can earn the point even if they instantiate <code>MemberInfo</code> objects incorrectly	1 point
Total for part (a)			3 points

(b) `removeMembers`

Scoring Criteria		Decision Rules	
4	Declares and initializes an <code>ArrayList</code> of <code>MemberInfo</code> objects	Responses will not earn the point if they initialize the variable with a reference to the instance variable	1 point
5	Accesses all elements of <code>memberList</code> for potential removal (<i>no bounds errors</i>)	Responses will not earn the point if they - fail to use <code>get(i)</code> - fail to attempt to remove an element - skip an element - throw an exception due to removing	1 point
6	Calls <code>getGradYear</code> or <code>inGoodStanding</code>	Responses can still earn the point even if they call only one of the methods Responses will not earn the point if they - ever include parameters in either method call - ever call either method on an object other than <code>MemberInfo</code>	1 point
7	Distinguishes any three cases, based on graduation status and standing	Responses will not earn the point if they fail to behave differently in all three cases	1 point
8	Identifies graduating members	Responses can still earn the point even if they - fail to distinguish three cases - fail to access standing at all - access the graduating year incorrectly Responses will not earn the point if they confuse <code><</code> and <code><=</code> in the comparison	1 point
9	Removes appropriate members from <code>memberList</code> and adds appropriate members to the <code>ArrayList</code> to be returned	Responses can still earn the point even if they - call <code>getGradYear</code> or <code>inGoodStanding</code> incorrectly - access elements of <code>memberList</code> incorrectly - initialize the <code>ArrayList</code> incorrectly - fail to return the list that was built (<i>return is not assessed</i>) Responses will not earn the point if they - fail to declare an <code>ArrayList</code> to return - fail to distinguish the correct three cases, with the exception of confusing the <code><</code> and <code><=</code> in the comparison	1 point
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