

## 2.12 Informal Run-Time Analysis

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Total: 8 marks

KEY WORDS run-time analysis 运行时间分析 • nested loop 嵌套循环

### Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **informal run-time analysis**.

You must be able to:

- count how many times a statement executes as a measure of a program's work
- understand that a loop over  $n$  items runs its body about  $n$  times
- explain why a **nested loop** over  $n$  items runs its inner body about  $n^2$  times

### 1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

#### ■ Counting executions

We estimate a program's work by counting how many times a statement runs.

- A single loop over  $n$  items runs its body about  $n$  times.
- A **nested loop** over  $n$  items runs its inner body about  $n \times n = n^2$  times.

So nested loops grow much faster than single loops as  $n$  increases.

#### ■ Worked count

For a loop that runs  $n$  times **inside** a loop that runs  $n$  times, the inner statement runs  $n^2$  times. If  $n = 5$  that is 25 executions; if  $n$  doubles to 10 it jumps to 100 – four times the work. A single loop would only double.

### 2 Practice

2.1 State roughly how many times a single loop over  $n$  items runs its body. [1]2.2 State roughly how many times a nested loop over  $n$  items runs its inner body. [1]

2.3 A single loop runs over 100 items. State roughly how many times its body runs. [1]

### 3 Exam-style questions

3.1 A single loop over  $n$  items runs its body about [1]

- A 1
- B  $n$
- C  $n^2$
- D  $2^n$

times.

3.2 A nested loop over  $n$  items runs its inner body about [1]

- A  $n$
- B  $n^2$
- C  $\log n$
- D 1

times.

3.3 A nested loop processes  $n = 10$  items.

(a) State roughly how many inner-body runs there are. [1]

(b) State whether this grows faster than a single loop. [1]

(c) State roughly how many runs a single loop over 10 items has. [1]

## Solutions

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**2.1** about  $n$  times.

**2.2** about  $n^2$  times.

**2.3** about 100 times.

**3.1 B.**

**3.2 B.**

**3.3** (a) about 100 ( $10^2$ ). (b) yes. (c) about 10.