

6.4 Heat Capacity and Calorimetry

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 14 marks

KEY WORDS specific heat 比热容 • calorimetry 量热法 • heat 热量 • exothermic 放热
• endothermic 吸热

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **heat capacity and calorimetry**.

You must be able to:

- use $q = mc\Delta T$
- carry out a **calorimetry** 量热法 calculation
- find a specific heat or a heat of reaction from data

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later — follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

■ The heat equation

$$q = mc\Delta T,$$

where q is heat (J), m mass (g), c **specific heat** 比热容 ($\text{J g}^{-1}\text{°C}^{-1}$), and $\Delta T = T_{\text{final}} - T_{\text{initial}}$.

■ A worked heat

Heat 50 g of water ($c = 4.18$) from 20 to 30°C:

$$q = (50)(4.18)(10) = 2090 \text{ J.}$$

■ Calorimetry

In a calorimeter, the heat released by a reaction is absorbed by the water: $q_{\text{reaction}} = -q_{\text{water}} = -mc\Delta T$. Measure the water's temperature change to find the reaction's heat.

■ Heat of reaction per mole

Divide the total heat by the moles reacted to get ΔH **per mole**: $\Delta H = \frac{q}{n}$ (with the right sign — negative if the water warmed).

2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 Write the equation $q = mc\Delta T$ and name each symbol. [2]

2.2 Find the heat to warm 100 g of water ($c = 4.18$) by 5.0°C. [2]

2.3 In a calorimeter the water warms. Was the reaction exo- or endothermic? [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 In $q = mc\Delta T$, ΔT is [1]

A	B
C	D

A $T_{\text{initial}} - T_{\text{final}}$

B $T_{\text{final}} - T_{\text{initial}}$

C the average temperature

D always positive

3.2 A reaction in a calorimeter warms 200 g of water ($c = 4.18$) by 6.0°C.

(a) Find the heat absorbed by the water. [2]

(b) State q for the reaction (sign and value). [2]

3.3 Burning 0.50 g of a fuel raises 100 g of water ($c = 4.18$) by 10.0°C . Find the heat released per gram of fuel. ^[4]