

## 8.9 The Henderson-Hasselbalch Equation

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Total: 12 marks

KEY WORDS pH 值 • buffer 缓冲溶液 • acid 酸 • base 碱

### Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on the **Henderson-Hasselbalch equation**.

You must be able to:

- use  $\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \frac{[\text{A}^-]}{[\text{HA}]}$
- find a buffer's pH from the ratio
- find the ratio needed for a target pH

### 1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later — follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

#### ■ The equation

$$\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a + \log \frac{[\text{A}^-]}{[\text{HA}]}$$

It gives a buffer's pH from the base-to-acid ratio.

#### ■ Equal amounts

When  $[\text{A}^-] = [\text{HA}]$ , the log term is  $\log 1 = 0$ , so  $\text{pH} = \text{p}K_a$ .

#### ■ A worked pH

A buffer with  $\text{p}K_a = 4.7$ ,  $[\text{A}^-] = 0.20$ ,  $[\text{HA}] = 0.10$ :

$$\text{pH} = 4.7 + \log \frac{0.20}{0.10} = 4.7 + \log 2 = 4.7 + 0.30 = 5.0.$$

#### ■ Finding the ratio for a target pH

Rearrange:  $\log \frac{[\text{A}^-]}{[\text{HA}]} = \text{pH} - \text{p}K_a$ , then take  $10^{(\text{pH} - \text{p}K_a)}$ .

## 2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 Write the Henderson-Hasselbalch equation. [1]

2.2 A buffer has  $\text{p}K_a = 4.7$  with equal acid and base. Find the pH. [1]2.3 Find the pH of a buffer with  $\text{p}K_a = 5.0$  and  $\frac{[\text{A}^-]}{[\text{HA}]} = 10$ . [2]

## 3 Exam-style questions

3.1 When  $[\text{A}^-] = [\text{HA}]$ , the Henderson-Hasselbalch equation gives  $\text{pH} =$  [1]

- A 0
- B 7
- C  $\text{p}K_a$
- D  $\text{p}K_a + 1$

3.2 A buffer uses an acid with  $\text{p}K_a = 4.74$ , with  $[\text{HA}] = 0.30 \text{ M}$  and  $[\text{A}^-] = 0.15 \text{ M}$ .(a) Find the ratio  $\frac{[\text{A}^-]}{[\text{HA}]}$ . [1]

(b) Find the pH. [3]

**3.3** You want a buffer at pH 5.0 using an acid with  $pK_a = 4.7$ . Find the required ratio  $\frac{[A^-]}{[HA]}$ . [3]

## Solutions

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**2.1**  $pH = pK_a + \log \frac{[A^-]}{[HA]}$ .

**2.2**  $pH = 4.7$ .

**2.3**  $pH = 5.0 + \log 10 = 5.0 + 1 = 6.0$ .

**3.1 C** —  $pH = pK_a$ .

**3.2** (a)  $\frac{0.15}{0.30} = 0.5$ . (b)  $pH = 4.74 + \log(0.5) = 4.74 - 0.30 = 4.44$ .

**3.3**  $\log \frac{[A^-]}{[HA]} = 5.0 - 4.7 = 0.3$ ; ratio =  $10^{0.3} = 2.0$ .