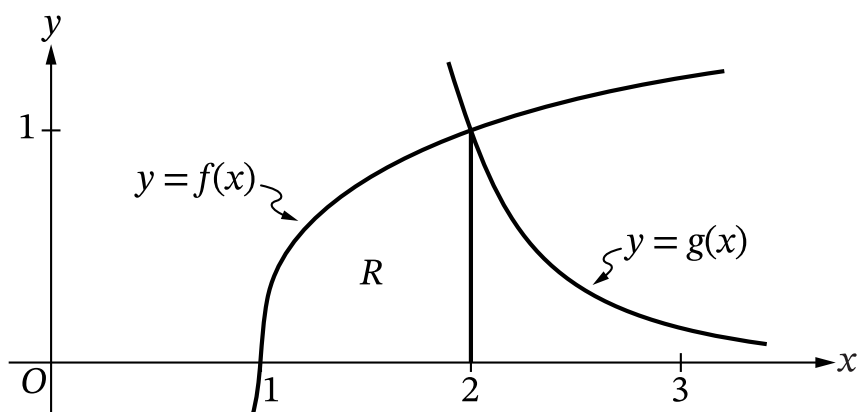


5. Let f be the function defined by $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-1}$, and let g be the function defined by $g(x) = e^{(-2x+4)}$. The graphs of f and g intersect at the point $(2, 1)$. Let R be the region bounded by the graph of f , the x -axis, and the vertical line $x = 2$, as shown in the figure.

**Part A**

Evaluate $\int_1^2 f(x) dx$. Show the work that leads to your answer.

Part B

Write, but do not evaluate, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the volume of the solid generated when region R is rotated about the x -axis.

Part C

Write, but do not evaluate, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the perimeter of region R .

Part D

Evaluate $\int_2^\infty g(x) dx$. Show the work that leads to your answer.

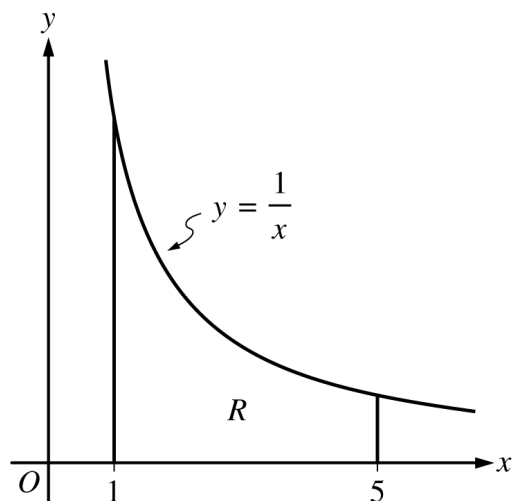


Figure 1

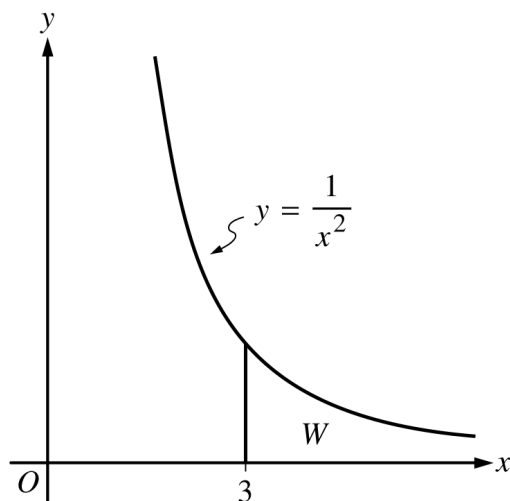
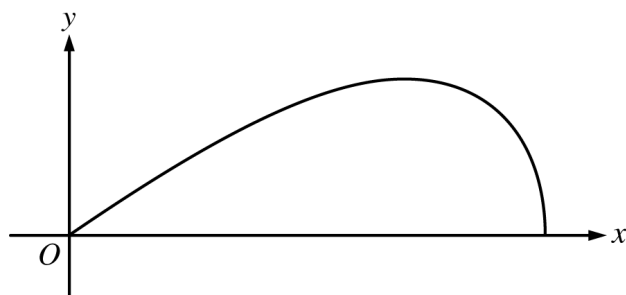


Figure 2

5. Figures 1 and 2, shown above, illustrate regions in the first quadrant associated with the graphs of $y = \frac{1}{x}$ and $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$, respectively. In Figure 1, let R be the region bounded by the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$, the x -axis, and the vertical lines $x = 1$ and $x = 5$. In Figure 2, let W be the unbounded region between the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x^2}$ and the x -axis that lies to the right of the vertical line $x = 3$.

- (a) Find the area of region R .
- (b) Region R is the base of a solid. For the solid, at each x the cross section perpendicular to the x -axis is a rectangle with area given by $xe^{x/5}$. Find the volume of the solid.
- (c) Find the volume of the solid generated when the unbounded region W is revolved about the x -axis.

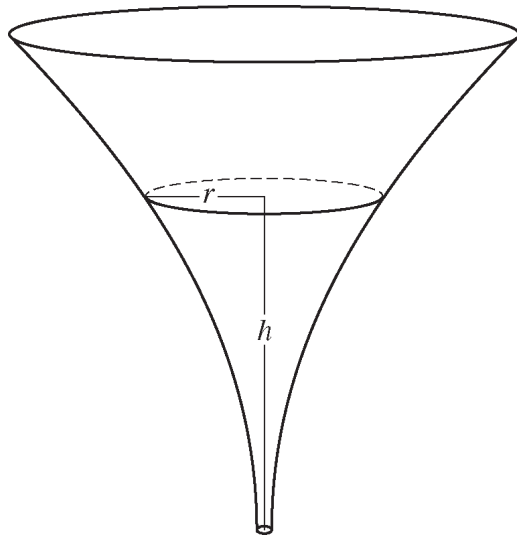
Write your responses to this question only on the designated pages in the separate Free Response booklet. Write your solution to each part in the space provided for that part.



A company designs spinning toys using the family of functions $y = cx\sqrt{4 - x^2}$, where c is a positive constant. The figure above shows the region in the first quadrant bounded by the x -axis and the graph of $y = cx\sqrt{4 - x^2}$, for some c . Each spinning toy is in the shape of the solid generated when such a region is revolved about the x -axis. Both x and y are measured in inches.

- (a) Find the area of the region in the first quadrant bounded by the x -axis and the graph of $y = cx\sqrt{4 - x^2}$ for $c = 6$.
- (b) It is known that, for $y = cx\sqrt{4 - x^2}$, $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{c(4 - 2x^2)}{\sqrt{4 - x^2}}$. For a particular spinning toy, the radius of the largest cross-sectional circular slice is 1.2 inches. What is the value of c for this spinning toy?
- (c) For another spinning toy, the volume is 2π cubic inches. What is the value of c for this spinning toy?

Write your responses to this question only on the designated pages in the separate Free Response booklet. Write your solution to each part in the space provided for that part.



5. The inside of a funnel of height 10 inches has circular cross sections, as shown in the figure above. At height h , the radius of the funnel is given by $r = \frac{1}{20}(3 + h^2)$, where $0 \leq h \leq 10$. The units of r and h are inches.
- (a) Find the average value of the radius of the funnel.
- (b) Find the volume of the funnel.
- (c) The funnel contains liquid that is draining from the bottom. At the instant when the height of the liquid is $h = 3$ inches, the radius of the surface of the liquid is decreasing at a rate of $\frac{1}{5}$ inch per second. At this instant, what is the rate of change of the height of the liquid with respect to time?
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