

10.1 Defining Convergent and Divergent Infinite Series

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 11 marks

KEY WORDS partial sums 部分和 • converges 收敛 • diverges 发散

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **convergent and divergent series** — the meaning of an infinite sum.

You must be able to:

- define convergence through the limit of **partial sums** 部分和
- compute the first few partial sums
- decide convergence when the partial sums have a known limit

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later — follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

■ Partial sums

The N th **partial sum** of $\sum a_n$ is $S_N = a_1 + a_2 + \cdots + a_N$. The series **converges** to L if $S_N \rightarrow L$; otherwise it **diverges**.

■ Computing partial sums

For $\sum \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$ starting at $n = 1$: $S_1 = \frac{1}{2}$, $S_2 = \frac{3}{4}$, $S_3 = \frac{7}{8}$. The partial sums approach 1, so the series converges to 1.

■ A telescoping series

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}\right)$: $S_N = 1 - \frac{1}{N+1}$, which $\rightarrow 1$. Converges to 1.

■ Divergence by growing sums

For $\sum 1 = 1 + 1 + 1 + \cdots$: $S_N = N \rightarrow \infty$, so it diverges. If the partial sums do not settle to a finite value, the series diverges.

2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 Write the third partial sum S_3 of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n}$. [1]

2.2 A series has partial sums $S_N = 3 - \frac{1}{N}$. State its sum. [1]

2.3 A series has $S_N = 2N$. State whether it converges or diverges. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 A series $\sum a_n$ converges if [1]

A	B
C	D

A $a_n \rightarrow 0$

B the partial sums S_N approach a finite limit

C a_n is always positive

D there are infinitely many terms

3.2 For the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}\right)$:

(a) Write S_3 . [2]

(b) Find a formula for S_N and hence the sum. [3]

3.3 A series has partial sums $S_N = \frac{N}{N+1}$. State the sum of the series, with a reason.^[2]