

# Past-paper walk-through

The Chain Rule ■ 3.1

eXercise

## Questions in this set

- 2023 Q1
- 2014 Q3

## Reading the mark scheme

- **B1** a mark that stands on its own – the point is either made or not.
- **M1** a *method* mark: the right approach, even if the number is wrong.
- **A1** an *answer* mark, and it usually needs its M mark first.
- **C1** a working mark on the way to the answer.
- **//** separates answers the examiner accepts equally.
- **ecf** = error carried forward: a later part is marked on your own earlier answer.
- **owtte** = “or words to that effect” – the wording need not match.

# Question 1

2023 ■ Q1

A customer at a gas station is pumping gasoline into a gas tank. The rate of flow of gasoline is modeled by a differentiable function  $f$ , where  $f(t)$  is measured in gallons per second and  $t$  is measured in seconds since pumping began. Selected values of  $f(t)$  are given in the table.

| $t$ (seconds)               | 0 | 60  | 90   | 120 | 135  | 150 |
|-----------------------------|---|-----|------|-----|------|-----|
| $f(t)$ (gallons per second) | 0 | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0.05 | 0   |

## Question 1

**(a)** Using correct units, interpret the meaning of  $\int_{60}^{135} f(t) dt$  in the context of the problem. Use a right Riemann sum with the three subintervals  $[60, 90]$ ,  $[90, 120]$ , and  $[120, 135]$  to approximate the value of  $\int_{60}^{135} f(t) dt$ .

## Question 1

|                                |   |     |      |     |      |     |
|--------------------------------|---|-----|------|-----|------|-----|
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| $f(t)$<br>(gallons per second) | 0 | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 0.05 | 0   |