8.6 Finding the Area Between Curves That Intersect More Than Twice

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____ **Total: 20 marks**

KEY WORDS intersection • net area • total area • cancel • touch • piece

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **regions where curves meet more than twice** : finding every intersection, splitting the integral, and the difference between net and total area.

You must be able to:

- find all the intersections of two curves
- decide which curve is on top on each interval
- add the areas of the pieces
- explain why $\int(f-g)$ can be 0 even when the area is not

1 Key knowledge and worked examples

■ Several pieces

step	what to do
1	solve $f(x)=g(x)$: factor, or use a calculator
2	on each interval between intersections, test one x to see which curve is on top
3	total area $=\int_a^b \lvert f(x)-g(x)\rvert\,dx$ = sum of (top − bottom) on each piece
net vs total	$\int_a^b (f-g)\,dx$ lets pieces cancel; an area never does
touching point	a double root: the curves touch but do not swap

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Worked example 1: three meetings. $y = x^3$ and $y = x$.

1. Known: $x^3 = x$ at $x = -1, 0, 1$.
2. Rule: x^3 is on top on $(-1, 0)$; x is on top on $(0, 1)$.
3. Numbers: each piece has area $\frac{1}{4}$.
4. Result: **total area** $\frac{1}{2}$.

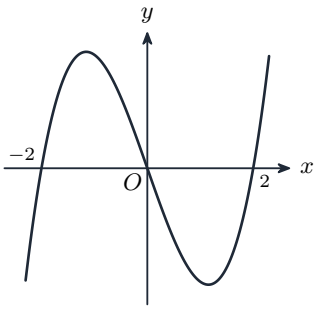
Worked example 2: trig. $y = \sin x$ and $y = \cos x$ meet at $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ and $x = \frac{5\pi}{4}$.

1. Known: $\sin x \geq \cos x$ between them.
2. Rule: $\displaystyle\int_{\pi/4}^{5\pi/4} (\sin x - \cos x)\, dx$.
3. Numbers: $\big[-\cos x - \sin x\big]_{\pi/4}^{5\pi/4} = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}$.
4. Result: $2\sqrt{2}$.

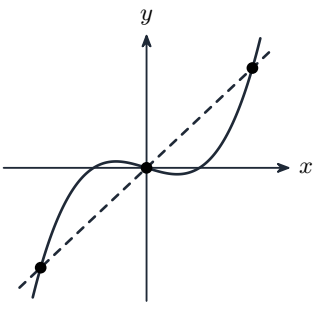
Answer shapes: list the intersections, then one integral per piece.

2 Practice

2.1 Find the total area between $y = x^3 - 4x$ and the x-axis. [2]



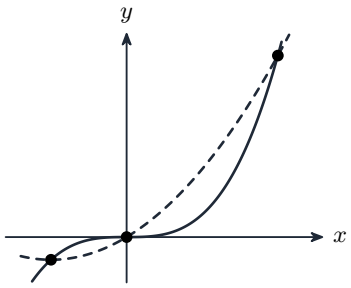
2.2 Find the total area between $y = x^3 - x$ and $y = 3x$. [3]



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3 Exam-style questions

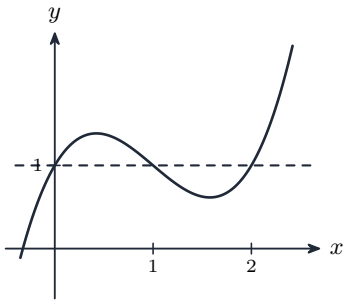
3.1 Find the total area between $y = x^3$ and $y = x^2 + 2x$. [3]



3.2 Let $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x + 1$. The graph of f and the line $y = 1$ are shown.

(a) Find the points where the graph of f meets the line $y = 1$. [2]

(b) Find the total area between the graph of f and the line $y = 1$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2$. [3]



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(c) Find $\displaystyle\int_0^2 \big(f(x) - 1\big)\,dx$. Explain why it is not the area in (b). [3]

(d) Find the area of the region enclosed by the graph of f and the line $y = 2x + 1$. [4]

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