

1. An invasive species of plant appears in a fruit grove at time $t = 0$ and begins to spread. The function C defined by $C(t) = 7.6 \arctan(0.2t)$ models the number of acres in the fruit grove affected by the species t weeks after the species appears. It can be shown that $C'(t) = \frac{38}{25 + t^2}$.

(Note: Your calculator should be in radian mode.)

- A. Find the average number of acres affected by the invasive species from time $t = 0$ to time $t = 4$ weeks. Show the setup for your calculations.
- B. Find the time t when the instantaneous rate of change of C equals the average rate of change of C over the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 4$. Show the setup for your calculations.
- C. Assume that the invasive species continues to spread according to the given model for all times $t > 0$. Write a limit expression that describes the end behavior of the rate of change in the number of acres affected by the species. Evaluate this limit expression.
- D. At time $t = 4$ weeks after the invasive species appears in the fruit grove, measures are taken to counter the spread of the species. The function A , defined by $A(t) = C(t) - \int_4^t 0.1 \cdot \ln(x) dx$, models the number of acres affected by the species over the time interval $4 \leq t \leq 36$. At what time t , for $4 \leq t \leq 36$, does A attain its maximum value? Justify your answer.
3. A student starts reading a book at time $t = 0$ minutes and continues reading for the next 10 minutes. The rate at which the student reads is modeled by the differentiable function R , where $R(t)$ is measured in words per minute. Selected values of $R(t)$ are given in the table shown.

t (minutes)	0	2	8	10
$R(t)$ (words per minute)	90	100	150	162

- A. Approximate $R'(1)$ using the average rate of change of R over the interval $0 \leq t \leq 2$. Show the work that leads to your answer. Indicate units of measure.
- B. Must there be a value c , for $0 < c < 10$, such that $R(c) = 155$? Justify your answer.
- C. Use a trapezoidal sum with the three subintervals indicated by the data in the table to approximate the value of $\int_0^{10} R(t) dt$. Show the work that leads to your answer.
- D. A teacher also starts reading at time $t = 0$ minutes and continues reading for the next 10 minutes. The rate at which the teacher reads is modeled by the function W defined by $W(t) = -\frac{3}{10}t^2 + 8t + 100$, where $W(t)$ is measured in words per minute. Based on the model, how many words has the teacher read by the end of the 10 minutes? Show the work that leads to your answer.

5. Two particles, H and J , are moving along the x -axis. For $0 \leq t \leq 5$, the position of particle H at time t is given by $x_H(t) = e^{t^2 - 4t}$ and the velocity of particle J at time t is given by $v_J(t) = 2t(t^2 - 1)^3$.

- A. Find the velocity of particle H at time $t = 1$. Show the work that leads to your answer.
- B. During what open intervals of time t , for $0 < t < 5$, are particles H and J moving in opposite directions? Give a reason for your answer.
- C. It can be shown that $v_J'(2) > 0$. Is the speed of particle J increasing, decreasing, or neither at time $t = 2$? Give a reason for your answer.
- D. Particle J is at position $x = 7$ at time $t = 0$. Find the position of particle J at time $t = 2$. Show the work that leads to your answer.