

7.6 Separation of Variables

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 16 marks

KEY WORDS separation of variables 分离变量法 • general solution 通解 • separable 可分离
• differential equation 微分方程 • solution 解

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **separation of variables** — the main method for solving a differential equation.

You must be able to:

- separate a **separable** 可分离 equation so each variable is on its own side
- integrate both sides and include a single constant C
- solve for y where the question asks for an explicit solution

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later — follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

■ Separating the variables

For $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$: put all y with dy and all x with dx :

$$\frac{1}{y} dy = x dx.$$

■ Integrating both sides

$$\int \frac{1}{y} dy = \int x dx \Rightarrow \ln |y| = \frac{x^2}{2} + C.$$

One constant C is enough (combine the two).

■ Solving for y

Exponentiate: $|y| = e^{x^2/2+C} = e^C e^{x^2/2}$. Writing $A = \pm e^C$ (a new constant),

$$y = Ae^{x^2/2}.$$

■ A quick separable example

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x}{y}: y dy = x dx, \text{ so } \frac{1}{2}y^2 = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + C, \text{ i.e. } y^2 = x^2 + C_1.$$

2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 Separate the variables in $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy$. [1]

2.2 Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{y}$ (find the general solution). [3]

2.3 Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3y$ (general solution in terms of a constant A). [3]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 After separating $\frac{dy}{dx} = ky$, integrating the left side gives [1]

A	B
C	D

A y

B $\ln |y|$

C $\frac{1}{y^2}$

D e^y

3.2 Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy^2$.

(a) Separate and integrate both sides.

[3]

(b) Solve for y in terms of x and a constant.

[2]

3.3 Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos x}{y}$, giving the general solution.

[3]