

# 4.6 Local Linearity and Linearization

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Total: 9 marks

## Objective

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Build the skills to answer exam questions on **local linearity and linearization**.

**You must be able to:**

- write the **linearization** 线性化  $L(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x - a)$
- use it to approximate a value

## 1 Worked examples

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Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

### ■ Linearization

Near  $x = a$ ,

$$f(x) \approx L(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x - a)$$

—the tangent line at  $a$ .

### ■ Example

$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  at  $a = 4$ :  $f(4) = 2$ ,  $f'(4) = \frac{1}{4}$ , so  $L(x) = 2 + \frac{1}{4}(x - 4)$  and  $\sqrt{4.1} \approx 2.025$ .

## 2 Practice

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**2.1** Write the linearization formula. [1]

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**2.2** For  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  at  $a = 4$ , state  $f(4)$  and  $f'(4)$ . [2]

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**2.3** State what  $L(x)$  approximates. [1]

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### 3 Exam-style questions

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3.1 The linearization of  $f$  at  $a$  is [1]

- A  $f(a)$
  - B  $f(a) + f'(a)(x - a)$
  - C  $f'(a)(x - a)$
  - D  $f(x) \cdot a$
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3.2 Linearization uses the \_\_\_\_\_ line. [1]

- A secant
  - B tangent
  - C normal
  - D horizontal
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3.3  $f(x) = x^2$ ,  $a = 3$ , so  $f(3) = 9$ ,  $f'(3) = 6$ .

(a) Write  $L(x)$ . [1]

(b) Use it for  $x = 3.1$ . [1]

(c) State  $L(3.1)$ . [1]

### 4 Go further

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- work through the **4.6 Approximating Values of a Function Using Local Linearity and Linearization** lesson on the **Learn** page;
- read the **Contextual Applications of Differentiation** section of the AP Calculus AB handout on the **Know** page.

## Solutions

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**2.1**  $L(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x - a)$ .

**2.2**  $f(4) = 2$ ;  $f'(4) = \frac{1}{4}$ .

**2.3** the value of  $f(x)$  for  $x$  near  $a$ .

**3.1 B.**

**3.2 B.**

**3.3** (a)  $L(x) = 9 + 6(x - 3)$ . (b)  $9 + 6(0.1)$ . (c) 9.6.