

5(a)(i)	amplitude = 0.60 m
5(a)(ii)	oscillations are simple harmonic
5(b)	Any three points from: - mean / equilibrium position is at $h = 1.4$ m - total energy of oscillations = 9.0 J - angular frequency of oscillations = 1.2 rad s^{-1} or period of oscillations = 5.1 s or frequency of oscillation = 0.19 Hz - maximum speed of block = 0.73 m s^{-1} - mass of block = 33 kg
5(c)	U-shaped curve resting on h axis (with minimum at $E_P = 0$)
	curve from $h = 0.8$ m to $h = 2.0$ m, with minimum E_P shown at $h = 1.4$ m
	both end-points of curve shown at $E_P = 9.0$ J

4(a)	$\omega = 2\pi / T$
	$= 2\pi / (0.15 \times 10^{-6}) = 4.2 \times 10^7 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$
4(b)	$a_0 = \omega^2 x_0$
	$= (4.2 \times 10^7)^2 \times 40 \times 10^{-6}$ $= 7.1 \times 10^{10} \text{ ms}^{-2}$
4(c)	$E = \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 x_0^2$
	$= \frac{1}{2} \times 2.4 \times 10^{-4} \times (4.2 \times 10^7)^2 \times (40 \times 10^{-6})^2$
	$= 340 \text{ J}$
4(d)(i)	apply alternating p.d. (to / across crystal)
	applying p.d. to / across crystal causes it to distort
4(d)(ii)	$Z = \rho c$
	$Z_m = 1100 \times 1600 (= 1.76 \times 10^6)$
	$Z_b = 1900 \times 4100 (= 7.79 \times 10^6)$
	intensity reflection co-efficient = $[(7.79 - 1.76) / (7.79 + 1.76)]^2$ $= 0.40$ or 40%
	percentage transmitted = 60%