

A-Level Physics

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

1. A progressive wave carries energy without moving matter along overall.

☐ True      ☐ False

2. In a transverse wave, the particles vibrate:

- ☐ parallel to the direction of travel
- ☐ perpendicular to the direction of travel
- ☐ in circles around the source
- ☐ not at all

3. As a sound source moves **toward** you, the pitch you hear is:

- ☐ silent
- ☐ lower than the source
- ☐ the same as the source
- ☐ higher than the source

4. All electromagnetic waves are transverse.

☐ True      ☐ False

5. Polarising a transverse wave means making it vibrate:

- ☐ faster
- ☐ in all planes at once
- ☐ along the direction of travel
- ☐ in one plane only

6. A wave has a period of 0.020 s. What is its frequency?

\_\_\_\_\_ Hz

7. Sound travelling through air is a longitudinal wave.

☐ True      ☐ False

8. A source moving toward an observer bunches the wavefronts ahead of it.

☐ True      ☐ False

9. In a vacuum, which EM wave travels the fastest?

☐ visible light

☐ They all travel at the same speed

☐ gamma rays

☐ radio waves

10. Sound waves can be polarised.

☐ True

☐ False

## A-Level Physics

1. **True**

Yes – the particles only oscillate about fixed points; the disturbance and its energy are what travel.

2. **perpendicular to the direction of travel**

Transverse = vibration at right angles to the energy flow (a rope wave, light, water ripples).

3. **higher than the source**

Moving toward you bunches the wavefronts, shortening the wavelength and raising the frequency you hear.

4. **True**

Yes – every EM wave is transverse, and all travel at  $c$  in a vacuum.

5. **in one plane only**

A polarising filter passes only the vibration lined up with its axis, leaving the wave in a single plane.

6. **50 Hz**

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{0.020} = 50 \text{ Hz.}$$

7. **True**

Yes – the air particles vibrate back and forth along the travel direction, making compressions and rarefactions.

8. **True**

Yes – each new wavefront is sent from a point a little closer, so they crowd together in front.

9. **They all travel at the same speed**

In a vacuum every EM wave travels at  $c = 3.0 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ .

10. **False**

No – sound is longitudinal (it vibrates along the travel), so there is no other plane to pick out.