

11.4 Characteristics of countries at different levels of development

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 25 marks

KEY WORDS employment structure • economic development
 • primary • developing • secondary

Objective

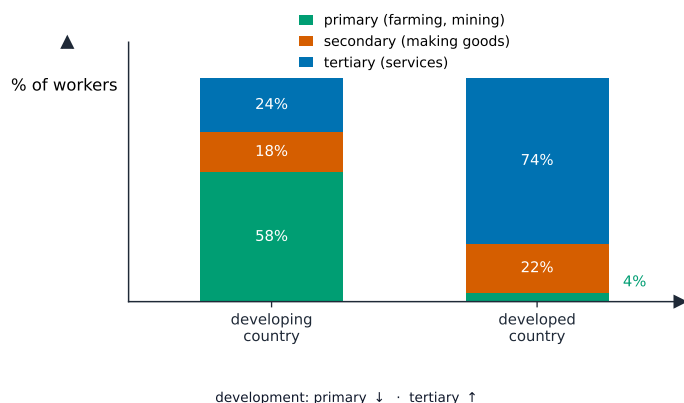
Build the skills to answer exam questions on the **characteristics of countries at different levels of development** – how developed and developing countries differ, and the **employment structure** (primary, secondary, tertiary).

You must be able to:

- compare developed and developing countries
- explain how the employment structure changes as a country develops
- analyse the factors that shape development

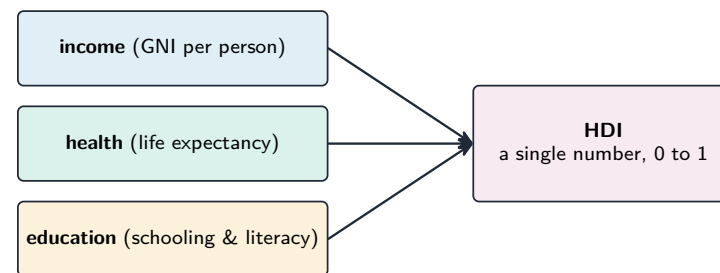
1 Key knowledge and worked examples

■ Employment structure and development



Primary (farming) → secondary (manufacturing) → tertiary (services)

- **Developed** : high income, low birth rate, high life expectancy, few in farming.
- **Developing** : low income, often high birth rate, lower life expectancy, many in farming.
- **Employment structure** shifts: **primary** → **secondary** → **tertiary** .



HDI puts a number on “different levels of development” – income, health and education together

Answer shapes: AO1 + AO2 + AO3 (analysis) + AO4 (a supported judgement *in context*).

2 Practice

2.1 State two ways a developed country differs from a developing country. [2]

2.2 Name the three employment sectors. [3]

2.3 State the direction in which the employment structure shifts as a country develops.[1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 As a country develops, the share of workers in the **primary** sector usually: [1]

3.3 Discuss the most important factors that determine a country's level of economic development. [12]