

12.1 Program Development Life cycle

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 16 marks

KEY WORDS development life cycle 开发生命周期 • maintenance 维护 • waterfall 瀑布模型
• iterative model 迭代模型 • adaptive maintenance 适应性维护

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on the **program development life cycle** 开发生命周期 — its stages and the common models.

You must be able to:

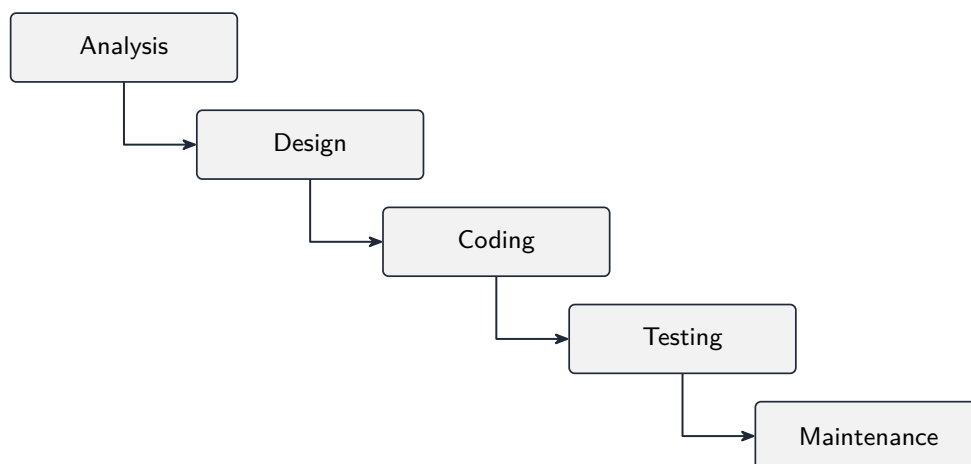
- explain the **purpose** of a development life cycle
- describe the **analysis, design, coding, testing, maintenance** stages
- compare models (**waterfall, iterative, RAD, agile**) and choose one

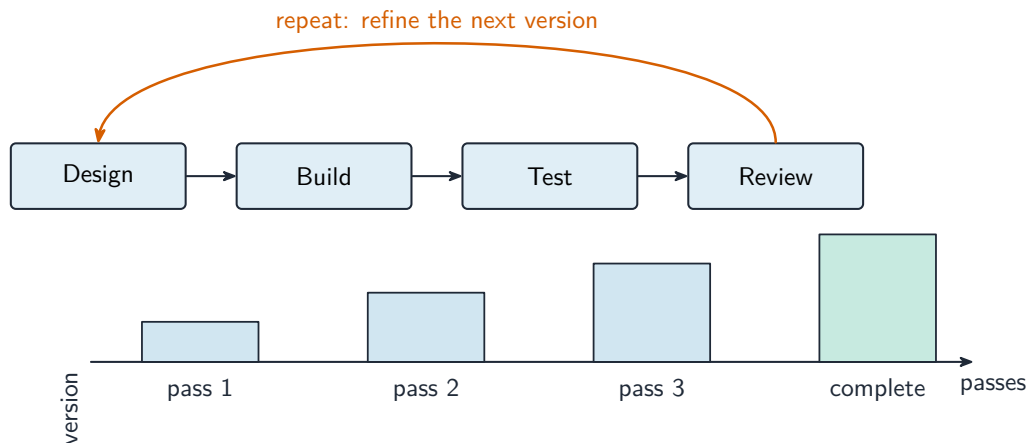
1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later — follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

■ Purpose and the five stages

A development life cycle is the set of stages from idea to maintained software. It exists to **plan, manage and control** a project — to build the right product, on time, with good quality.





The iterative model contrasts with the waterfall

- **analysis** — find **what** the program must do (gather requirements).
- **design** — decide **how**: data structures, algorithms, modules, interface.
- **coding** — write the source code from the design.
- **testing** — run against test data and fix bugs.
- **maintenance** — after release, keep it working and useful.

Three kinds of **maintenance**: **corrective** 纠正性 (fix bugs found in use), **adaptive** 适应性 (change it for a new operating system, new law or new hardware), and **perfective** 完善性 (improve performance or add features users ask for).

■ The models

Model	Principle	Best when	Drawback
Waterfall	linear; finish each stage first	requirements are stable	poor at mid-project change
Iterative	repeated passes refine it	requirements emerge over time	harder to estimate
RAD	fast prototypes + user feedback	requirements change	needs user availability
Agile	short sprints, constant testing	change is constant	needs a committed customer

Choose by how **clear** and **stable** the requirements are at the start.

2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 State the **purpose** of a development life cycle. [1]

2.2 Name the **five** stages of the life cycle, **in order**. [2]

2.3 At which stage are the **data structures and algorithms** decided? [1]

2.4 State what happens during the **maintenance** stage. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Describe what happens in the **analysis** stage and in the **testing** stage. [4]

3.2 State **one** benefit of the **waterfall** model and **one** benefit of the **iterative** model. [2]

3.3 A company's project has requirements that are likely to **change a lot** during development. State a suitable life-cycle model and **justify** your choice. [3]

3.4 (a) State what **adaptive** maintenance is.

[1]

(b) Give **one** example of a change that would need adaptive maintenance.

[1]