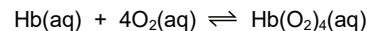


- 12** One molecule of haemoglobin, Hb, can bind with four molecules of oxygen according to the equation shown.



When the equilibrium concentration of O_2 is $7.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$, the equilibrium concentrations of Hb and $\text{Hb(O}_2)_4$ are equal.

What is the numerical value of K_c for this equilibrium?

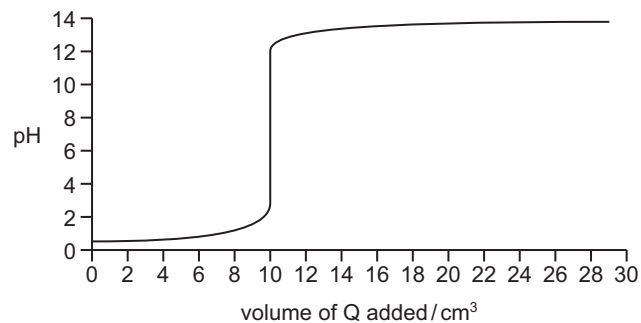
- A** 3.0×10^{20} **B** 1.3×10^5 **C** 7.6×10^{-6} **D** 3.3×10^{-21}

- 13** Aqueous acid P and aqueous alkali Q have the same concentration.

20 cm^3 of P is added to a conical flask.

Q is slowly added to the flask and the volume of Q and the pH are recorded.

The pH titration curve is shown.

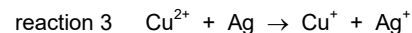
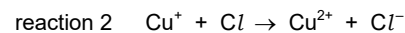
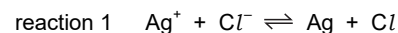


Which row gives the identity of P and Q?

	P	Q
A	HCl	NaOH
B	H_2SO_4	NH_3
C	HCl	Ba(OH)_2
D	CH_3COOH	Sr(OH)_2

- 14** Photochromic glass, used for sunglasses, darkens when exposed to bright light and becomes more transparent again when the light is less bright. The darkness of the glass is due to the presence of silver atoms.

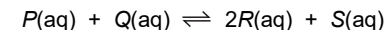
The following reactions are involved.



Which statement about these reactions is correct?

- A** Cu^+ and Cu^{2+} ions act as catalysts.
B Cu^+ ions act as an oxidising agent in reaction 2.
C Reaction 3 increases the darkness of the glass.
D Silver atoms are reduced in reaction 3.

- 12** An equilibrium can be represented by the equation shown.



In a certain mixture, of volume 1.0 dm^3 , the equilibrium concentration of Q is 10 mol dm^{-3} .

What will be the new equilibrium concentration of Q if 5.0 mol of pure Q is completely dissolved in the mixture?

- A** 15 mol dm^{-3}
B between 10 mol dm^{-3} and 15 mol dm^{-3}
C 10 mol dm^{-3}
D between 5.0 mol dm^{-3} and 10 mol dm^{-3}

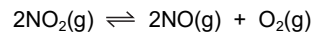
- 13** In the Contact process, sulfur dioxide and oxygen react to form sulfur trioxide.

In the Haber process, nitrogen and hydrogen react to form ammonia.

Which statement about these processes is correct?

- A** K_p for the Haber process has no unit.
B In the Contact process, the value of K_p falls when pressure is increased at constant T.
C The Haber process uses a homogeneous catalyst.
D When V_2O_5 is used in the Contact process, the position of equilibrium is unchanged.

12 Nitrogen dioxide decomposes on heating according to the equation shown.



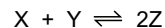
When 4 mol of nitrogen dioxide were put into a 1 dm^3 container and heated to a constant temperature, the equilibrium mixture contained 0.8 mol of oxygen.

What is the value of the equilibrium constant, K_c , at the temperature of the experiment?

- A** $\frac{0.8^2 \times 0.8}{4^2}$ **B** $\frac{1.6 \times 0.8}{2.4^2}$ **C** $\frac{1.6^2 \times 0.8}{4^2}$ **D** $\frac{1.6^2 \times 0.8}{2.4^2}$

13 One particle of X reacts with one particle of Y in a single-step reaction to produce two particles of Z.

This reaction is exothermic and reversible.



Three statements about the forward and reverse reactions are listed.

- 1 The activation energy of the forward reaction is equal to the activation energy of the reverse reaction.
- 2 At equilibrium, the frequency of collisions between one particle of X and one particle of Y is equal to the frequency of collisions between two particles of Z.
- 3 At equilibrium, the frequency of effective collisions between one particle of X and one particle of Y is equal to the frequency of effective collisions between two particles of Z.

Which statements are correct?

- A** 1 only **B** 2 and 3 **C** 2 only **D** 3 only