

Polymerisation

A-Level Chemistry ■ Topic 20

A-Level Chemistry



Polymerisation

What we will cover

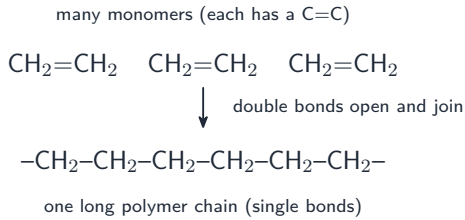
- 1 Addition polymerisation
- 2 Repeat units
- 3 Finding the monomer
- 4 The problem of disposal



poly(ethene) pellets

1 Polymerisation

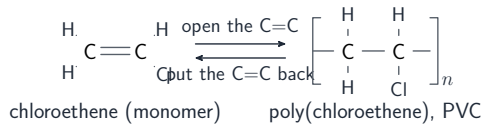
Addition polymerisation



In **addition polymerisation** 加成聚合, many **monomers** 单体 join into one long chain – with **no other product**.

Each monomer must have a C=C; the double bond **opens** so they link end to end into the **polymer** 聚合物.

Repeat units



The **repeat unit** 重复单元 is copied along the chain.

- ethene → **poly(ethene)** 聚乙烯
- chloroethene → **PVC** 聚氯乙烯

Change the C=C to a single bond; draw bonds out at each end.

The problem of disposal



Poly(alkene)s are hard to dispose of:

- **non-biodegradable** 不可生物降解 – microbes can't break them down
- **combustion** 燃烧 of PVC releases toxic HCl

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Recap

Polymerisation
└ Recap

Worked example – drawing a repeat unit

Draw the repeat unit of poly(propene) and explain why it is hard to dispose of.

- Propene is $\text{CH}_2=\text{CHCH}_3$. Break the π bond and join the monomers.
- Repeat unit: $-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-$ with the bonds drawn through the brackets.
- The backbone is only strong, non-polar C–C and C–H bonds.
- Nothing in nature attacks them $\Rightarrow$ non-biodegradable. Burning PVC also gives toxic HCl.

An addition polymer has the same empirical formula as its monomer – nothing is lost. Draw it with the C=C opened and bonds through the brackets.

Polymerisation
└ Recap

Topic 20 – key takeaways

1 Polymerisation

many C=C monomers join, no other product

2 Repeat unit

change C=C to a single bond, bonds out

3 Monomer

put the C=C back into one repeat unit

4 Disposal

non-biodegradable; PVC burning gives HCl

Check yourself

- 1 What bond must a monomer have for addition polymerisation?
- 2 Which polymer is made from chloroethene?
- 3 How do you find the monomer from a repeat unit?
- 4 Why is poly(ethene) hard to dispose of?



Answers 1. a C=C double bond 2. PVC / poly(chloroethene) 3. put the C=C back
4. it is non-biodegradable