

Multiple Choice Answers

Q11: C

Multiple Choice Answers

Q8: D

2(a)	To ensure no air / other gas remains in the syringe					
2(b)(i)	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{Mr}}$	0.707	0.500	0.222	0.158	0.109
	Rate of effusion /cm ³ s ⁻¹	4.63	3.27	1.45	1.26	0.71
2(b)(ii)	Time (taken).					
2(b)(iii)	size of hole					
2(c)	M1 all 5 points plotted correctly. M2 Straight line of best fit drawn					
2(d)	Point most anomalous to the plotted line of best fit circled. AND If point above LOBF (Measured rate of effusion is higher than the true rate predicted by LOBF.) for this point ... measured / recorded (effusion) time < true / actual time OR If point below LOBF (Measured rate of effusion is lower than the true rate predicted by LOBF.) for this point ... measured / recorded (effusion) time > true / actual time					
2(e)	Yes AND The graph / LOBF... is a straight-line AND it goes through the origin.					
2(f)	The results are not reliable as there is an anomalous result.					
2(g)(i)	M1 Effusion rate = 50/31.6 = (1.58) Correct value for $\sqrt{\frac{1}{Mr}}$ read from x-axis					
	M2 Value correctly converted to <i>M</i> .					
2(g)(ii)	If calculated <i>M</i> > 16 (The average) <i>M</i> (of the other components) is greater than 16 / calculated value for g(i).					
2(h)	(Rate of effusion) increases AND (At higher temperature) gas particles move more quickly.					