

- 8 (a) Describe the difference in reactivity between ethanoyl chloride and chlorobenzene with water.

Explain your answer.

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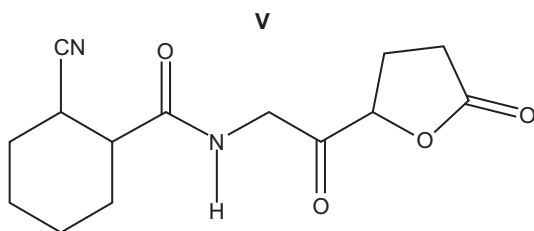
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..... [2]

- (b) The structure of compound **V** is shown.



- (i) Name all the functional groups in **V**.

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.....

..... [2]

- (ii) Deduce the number of possible optical isomers for **V**.

..... [1]

- (iii) Suggest **one** reason, other than better biological activity and lower dosage required, why it is beneficial to synthesise a single optical isomer of **V** for use as a drug.

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..... [1]

- (c) A sample of **V** is hydrolysed with an excess of hot aqueous alkali.

The products are isolated from the reaction mixture at pH 12.

Draw the structures of the **two** organic products of the **complete** alkaline hydrolysis of **V** in Fig. 8.1.

Fig. 8.1

[3]

- (d) A polypeptide formed from four amino acids, **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**, is completely hydrolysed and then analysed by gas-liquid chromatography.

The chromatogram produced is shown in Fig. 8.2.

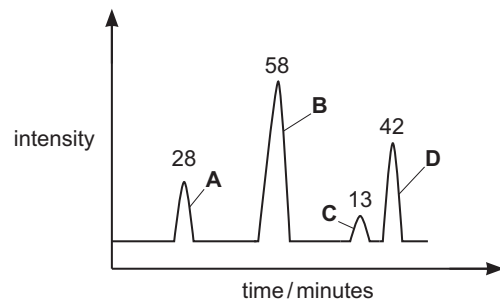


Fig. 8.2

The number above each peak represents the area under the peak.

The area under each peak is proportional to the mass of the respective amino acid in the mixture.

- (i) Calculate the percentage by mass of amino acid **A** in the original mixture.

percentage by mass of amino acid **A** = [1]

- (ii) The retention time for amino acid **D** is the longest.

Explain why **D** has a longer retention time than the **other** amino acids **A**, **B** and **C**.

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..... [1]

[Total: 11]

Important values, constants and standards

molar gas constant	$R = 8.31 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
Faraday constant	$F = 9.65 \times 10^4 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$
Avogadro constant	$L = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
electronic charge	$e = -1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
molar volume of gas	$V_m = 22.4 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ at s.t.p. (101 kPa and 273 K) $V_m = 24.0 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1}$ at room conditions
ionic product of water	$K_w = 1.00 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ dm}^{-6}$ (at 298 K (25 °C))
specific heat capacity of water	$c = 4.18 \text{ kJ kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ (4.18 J g ⁻¹ K ⁻¹)

The Periodic Table of Elements

Group																						
1	2	Key												13	14	15	16	17	18			
		atomic number atomic symbol name relative atomic mass												1 H hydrogen 1.0								
3 Li lithium 6.9	4 Be beryllium 9.0													5 B boron 10.8	6 C carbon 12.0	7 N nitrogen 14.0	8 O oxygen 16.0	9 F fluorine 19.0	10 Ne neon 20.2			
11	12													13 Al aluminum 27.0	14 Si silicon 28.1	15 P phosphorus 31.0	16 S sulfur 32.1	17 Cl chlorine 35.5	18 Ar argon 39.9			
20 Ca calcium 40.1	21 Sc scandium 45.0	22 Ti titanium 47.9	23 V vanadium 50.9	24 Cr chromium 52.0	25 Mn manganese 54.9	26 Fe iron 55.8	27 Co cobalt 58.9	28 Ni nickel 58.7	29 Cu copper 63.5	30 Zn zinc 65.4	31 Ga gallium 69.7	32 Ge germanium 72.6	33 As arsenic 74.9	34 Se selenium 79.0	35 Br bromine 79.9	36 Kr krypton 83.8						
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54					
Rb rubidium 85.5	Y yttrium 88.9	Zr zirconium 91.2	Nb niobium 92.9	Mo molybdenum 95.9	Tc technetium —	Ru ruthenium 101.1	Rh rhodium 102.9	Pd palladium 106.4	Ag silver 107.9	Cd cadmium 112.4	In indium 114.8	Sn tin 118.7	Sb antimony 121.8	Te tellurium 127.6	I iodine 126.9	Xe xenon 131.3						
55	56	57–71 lanthanoids	72 Hf hafnium 178.5	73 Ta tantalum 180.9	74 W tungsten 183.8	75 Re rhenium 186.2	76 Os osmium 190.2	77 Ir iridium 192.2	78 Pt platinum 195.1	79 Au gold 197.0	80 Hg mercury 200.6	81 Tl thallium 204.4	82 Pb lead 207.2	83 Bi bismuth 209.0	84 Po polonium —	85 At astatine —	86 Rn radon —					
87	88	89–103 actinoids	104 Rf rutherfordium —	105 Db dubnium —	106 Sg seaborgium —	107 Bh bohrium —	108 Hs hassium —	109 Mt meitnerium —	110 Ds darmstadtium —	111 Rg roentgenium —	112 Cn copernicium —	113 Nh nihonium —	114 Fl flerovium —	115 Mc moscovium —	116 Lv livermorium —	117 Ts tennessine —	118 Og oganeson —					
lanthanoids																						
57 La lanthanum 138.9	58 Ce cerium 140.1	59 Pr praseodymium 140.9	60 Nd neodymium 144.2	61 Pm promethium —	62 Sm samarium 150.4	63 Eu europium 152.0	64 Gd gadolinium 157.3	65 Tb terbium 158.9	66 Dy dysprosium 162.5	67 Ho holmium 164.9	68 Er erbium 167.3	69 Tm thulium 168.9	70 Yb ytterbium 173.1	71 Lu lutetium 175.0								
actinoids																						
89 Ac actinium —	90 Th thorium 232.0	91 Pa protactinium 231.0	92 U uranium 238.0	93 Np neptunium —	94 Pu plutonium —	95 Am americium —	96 Cm curium —	97 Bk berkelium —	98 Cf californium —	99 Es einsteinium —	100 Fm fermium —	101 Md mendelevium —	102 No nobelium —	103 Lr lawrencium —								