

9.3 Chemical periodicity of other elements

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks

KEY WORDS periodicity 周期性 • oxide 氧化物 • period 周期 • giant metallic 金属晶体
• melting point 熔点

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on the **chemical periodicity of other elements** — using periodic trends to **predict** properties from position and **deduce** an unknown element's identity.

You must be able to:

- predict the characteristic properties of an element from its group
- deduce the likely position and identity of an unknown element from its properties

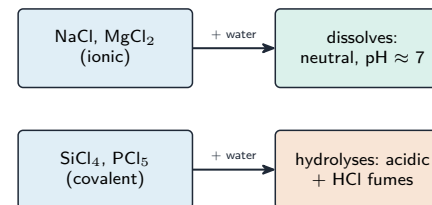
1 Worked examples

■ Predicting from position

Na ₂ O	MgO	Al ₂ O ₃	P ₄ O ₁₀	SO ₃
basic		amphoteric	acidic	
pH ≈ 14		pH ≈ 7		pH ≈ 0

metal oxides (left) are basic; non-metal oxides (right) are acidic

Knowing how properties vary across a period and down a group lets you predict or deduce an element



Period 3 chlorides react differently with water

Use the patterns you know:

- **down a group** — properties change steadily (e.g. Group 1: more reactive, larger atoms going down).
- **across a period** — metal → non-metal; oxides basic → acidic; bonding ionic → covalent.

Predict: a Group 1 element forms a +1 ion, is a reactive metal, and has a basic oxide. **Deduce:** an element with a basic oxide, high conductivity and a +2 ion is a Group 2 metal.

2 Practice

2.1 Predict the charge of the ion formed by an element in Group 2. [1]

2.2 State whether the oxide of a Group 1 element is acidic or basic. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 An element X has a giant metallic structure, conducts electricity, and forms a basic oxide of formula XO. X is most likely in: [1]

A	B
C	D

- A Group 1
B Group 2
C Group 16
D Group 17

3.2 Going **down** Group 17 (the halogens), the elements become: [1]

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A** less reactive
B more reactive
C more metallic in their oxides
D smaller atoms

3.3 An unknown element Y forms a chloride that fumes in moist air and gives an acidic solution with water; Y's oxide is acidic.

(a) Deduce whether Y is a metal or a non-metal, and explain. [2]

(b) Suggest the region of the Periodic Table where Y is found. [1]

3.4 Using periodic trends, predict **two** properties of caesium (Cs), in Group 1 below sodium. [2]
