

35.1 Condensation polymerisation

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks

KEY WORDS monomer 单体 • repeat unit 重复单元 • polyester 聚酯 • polyamide 聚酰胺
• condensation polymerisation 缩合聚合

Objective

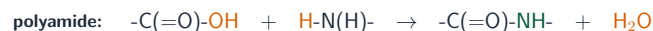
Build the skills to answer exam questions on **condensation polymerisation** 缩合聚合 — making **polyesters** 聚酯 and **polyamides** 聚酰胺, and finding the **monomers** 单体 or **repeat unit** 重复单元.

You must be able to:

- describe condensation polymerisation (two-group monomers, a small molecule lost)
- name the monomers for a polyester or polyamide
- deduce the monomers/repeat unit from a section of polymer

1 Worked examples

■ Links and monomers



every new **ester or amide link** loses a **small molecule** (condensation)

A polyester forms ester links, a polyamide forms amide links; each new link releases a small molecule (e.g. water)

- condensation:** each monomer has **two** reactive groups; a small molecule (water or HCl) is lost at each link.
- polyester** = diol + dicarboxylic acid (or diacyl chloride); **polyamide** = diamine + dicarboxylic acid.

polyester (ester links)



break each link; add back -OH and -H



diol



dicarboxylic acid

To find the monomers, break the chain at each link and add back -OH and -H to the cut ends

2 Practice

2.1 Name the small molecule lost when a diol and a dicarboxylic acid form a polyester. [1]

2.2 Name the type of link in a polyamide. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 A polyamide is made from: [1]

A	B
C	D

- A an alkene only
- B a diol and a dicarboxylic acid
- C a diamine and a dicarboxylic acid
- D a single alcohol

3.2 When a section of polyester is hydrolysed, the monomers recovered are: [1]

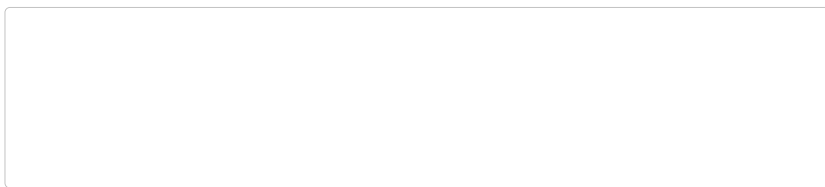
A	B
C	D

- A two alkenes
- B a diol and a dicarboxylic acid
- C two diamines
- D an amino acid only

3.3 A polyester has the repeat unit $-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-\text{O}-\text{CO}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-\text{CO}-$.

(a) Draw the two monomers.

[2]



(b) Name the small molecule lost when they polymerise.

[1]

3.4 Explain why each monomer in a condensation polymer must have **two** functional groups.

[2]
