

## 5. Finance and accounting

### Starter Quiz · 课前小测

A-Level Business

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Day-to-day cash for wages, suppliers and bills is called:

- ☐ working capital
- ☐ start-up capital
- ☐ capital expenditure
- ☐ profit

2. Which is an internal source of finance?

- ☐ retained profit
- ☐ a bank loan
- ☐ a share issue
- ☐ a government grant

3. Inflows are 50 and outflows are 62. What is the net cash flow?

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4. Which is a fixed cost?

- ☐ factory rent
- ☐ raw materials
- ☐ piece-rate wages
- ☐ power used by machines

5. Selling price is 15 and variable cost per unit is 9. What is the contribution per unit?

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6. A budget is:

- ☐ a financial plan for the future
- ☐ a record of past sales only
- ☐ the firm's bank balance
- ☐ a tax return

7. Buying a new factory machine is:

- ☐ capital expenditure
- ☐ revenue expenditure

☐ working capital

☐ a current liability

8. Opening balance 20, net cash flow –8. What is the closing balance?

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9. Fixed cost 500, variable cost 4 per unit, output 200. What is total cost?

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10. Fixed costs are 3,000 and contribution per unit is 6. What is the break-even output (units)?

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A-Level Business

1. **working capital**

Working capital funds day-to-day operations.

2. **retained profit**

Retained profit comes from within the business.

3. **-12**

Net cash flow =  $50 - 62 = -12$ .

4. **factory rent**

Rent does not change with output — a fixed cost.

5. **6**

Contribution =  $15 - 9 = 6$ .

6. **a financial plan for the future**

A budget plans expected income, spending or profit.

7. **capital expenditure**

Spending on a long-term asset is capital expenditure.

8. **12**

Closing = opening + net cash flow =  $20 + (-8) = 12$ .

9. **1300**

TC =  $500 + 4 \times 200 = 1300$ .

10. **500**

Break-even =  $3000 \div 6 = 500$  units.