

PRECALCULUS
SECTION I, Part A
Time—1 hour and 20 minutes
28 Questions

Directions: Solve each of the following problems, using the available space for scratch work. After examining the choices, decide which is the best of the choices given and fill in the corresponding circle on the answer sheet. No credit will be given for anything written in this exam booklet. Do not spend too much time on any one problem.

1. Unless otherwise specified, the domain of a function f is assumed to be the set of all real numbers x for which $f(x)$ is a real number.
2. Angle measures for trigonometric functions are assumed to be in radians.

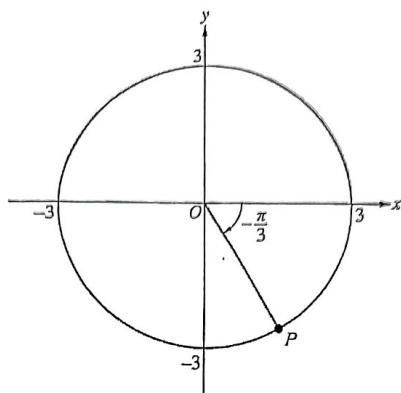
1. The polynomial function f is given by $f(x) = x(x^2 - 9)$. What are all intervals on which $f(x) < 0$?

- (A) $(-\infty, -3)$ and $(0, 3)$
(B) $(-\infty, -3)$ and $(3, \infty)$
(C) $(-3, 0)$ and $(3, \infty)$
(D) $(-3, 3)$

2. If $\log_8 c = 4$, which of the following must be true?

- (A) $4^8 = c$
(B) $4^c = 8$
(C) $8^c = 4$
(D) $8^4 = c$

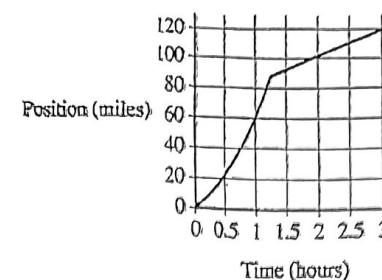
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5. The figure shows a circle of radius 3 centered at the origin in the xy -plane and an angle of measure $-\frac{\pi}{3}$ in standard position. What are the coordinates of point P on the terminal ray that intersects this circle of radius 3?

- (A) $\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ (B) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ (C) $\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$ (D) $\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$

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6. A car is traveling on a straight road. A graph of the car's position, in miles, from its starting point at time $t = 0$ hours on a particular day is shown. Which of the following is true about the car's position for $0 \leq t \leq 3$ hours?
- (A) The rate of change of the car's position is increasing until about time $t = 1.25$, when the position begins to increase at a constant rate.
- (B) The rate of change of the car's position is increasing until about time $t = 1.25$; after this time, the position is constant.
- (C) The rate of change of the car's position is increasing at an increasing rate during the entire time interval.
- (D) The rate of change of the car's position is increasing at a constant rate during the entire time interval.

. A

11. The temperature of a hot object that is cooling can be modeled by the function h . Time t is measured in minutes since the object started cooling, and $h(t)$ is measured in degrees Celsius ($^{\circ}\text{C}$). The function h is an exponential decay function.

It is known that the temperature of the object decreases 10°C from time $t = 4$ to $t = 7$ minutes. It is also known that after time $t = 7$ minutes, the temperature of the object decreases an additional 10°C . Which of the following statements is true about the amount of time the object will require to cool that additional 10°C ?

- (A) The object will require more than 3 minutes to cool that additional 10°C because as t increases, the rates of change of h are negative and increasing toward 0.
 (B) The object will require more than 3 minutes to cool that additional 10°C because as t increases, the rates of change of h are negative and decreasing without bound.
 (C) The object will require fewer than 3 minutes to cool that additional 10°C because as t increases, the rates of change of h are negative and increasing toward 0.
 (D) The object will require fewer than 3 minutes to cool that additional 10°C because as t increases, the rates of change of h are negative and decreasing without bound.

12. A cubic polynomial function p has a non-real zero of $x = -3 + i$. The graph of $y = p(x)$ has an x -intercept of $(1, 0)$. Which of the following could be an expression for $p(x)$?

- (A) $(x - 1)(x^2 - 6x - 10)$
 (B) $(x - 1)(x^2 - 6x + 10)$
 (C) $(x - 1)(x^2 + 6x + 10)$
 (D) $(x + 1)(x^2 + 6x - 10)$

A A

13. Let r be the function given by $r(x) = \frac{2(x - 3)(x + 1)(x - 1)}{(x + 1)(x - 1)^2(x + 2)}$. Which of the following is true about the location of holes in the graph of r in the xy -plane?

- (A) The graph of r has exactly one hole, which is at $x = -1$.
 (B) The graph of r has exactly two holes, which are at $x = -1$ and $x = 1$.
 (C) The graph of r has exactly two holes, which are at $x = -2$ and $x = 1$.
 (D) The graph of r has exactly two holes, which are at $x = 1$ and $x = 3$.

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18. The population of rabbits in a national park is modeled by the function P given by $P(t) = 500 + 100 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}t\right)$,

where t is measured in years for $0 \leq t \leq 15$. Based on this model, for $0 \leq t \leq 15$, at what time t is the first time that the rabbit population equals 400 ?

- (A) $t = 15$
- (B) $t = 4.5$
- (C) $t = \pi$
- (D) $t = 3$

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x	$f(x)$
-1	$-\frac{\pi}{2}$
$-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$-\frac{\pi}{4}$
0	0
$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\pi}{4}$
1	$\frac{\pi}{2}$

19. The table gives values for a function f at selected values of x . Which of the following could be an expression for $f(x)$?

- (A) $\frac{1}{\sin x}$
- (B) $\frac{1}{\cos x}$
- (C) $\sin^{-1}x$
- (D) $\cos^{-1}x$

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PRECALCULUS
SECTION I, Part B
Time—40 minutes
12 Questions

A GRAPHING CALCULATOR IS REQUIRED FOR SOME QUESTIONS ON THIS PART OF THE EXAM.

Directions: Solve each of the following problems, using the available space for scratch work. After examining the choices, decide which is the best of the choices given and fill in the corresponding circle on the answer sheet. No credit will be given for anything written in this exam booklet. Do not spend too much time on any one problem.

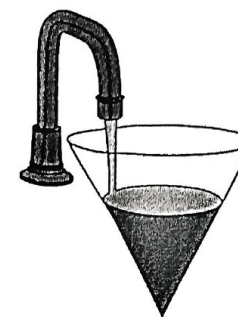
BE SURE YOU FILL IN THE CIRCLES ON THE ANSWER SHEET THAT CORRESPOND TO QUESTIONS NUMBERED 76–87.

YOU MAY NOT RETURN TO QUESTIONS NUMBERED 1–28.

In this exam:

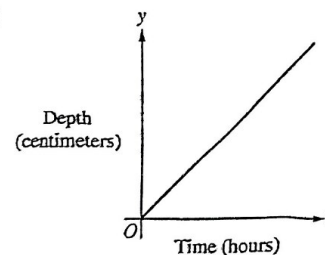
1. The exact numerical value of the correct answer does not always appear among the choices given. When this happens, select from among the choices the number that best approximates the exact numerical value.
2. Unless otherwise specified, the domain of a function f is assumed to be the set of all real numbers x for which $f(x)$ is a real number.
3. Angle measures for trigonometric functions are assumed to be in radians. Make sure your calculator is in radian mode.

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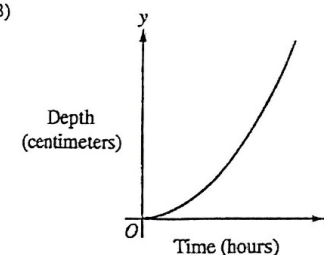


76. The figure shows a container in the shape of a circular cone. The container is being filled with water at a constant rate until the container is completely full. Which of the following could be the graph that models the dependent variable of depth of the water, in centimeters, as a function of the independent variable of time, in hours?

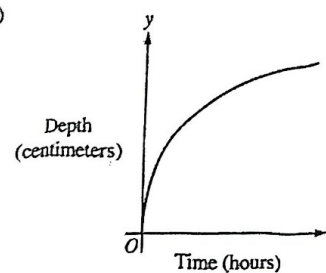
(A)



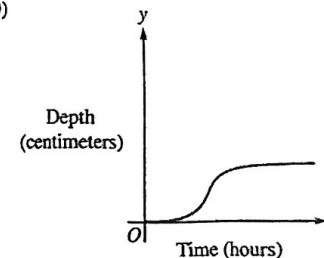
(B)



(C)



(D)



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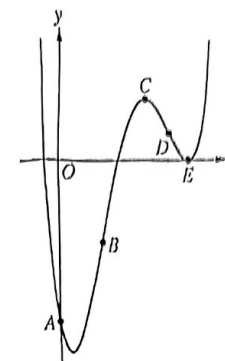
77. The first four terms of a geometric sequence are given by $g_1 = \frac{1}{5}$, $g_2 = 1$, $g_3 = 5$, and $g_4 = 25$. Which of the following could be an expression for the general term of the sequence, g_n ?

- (A) $g_n = \frac{1}{5}(5)^{(n-1)}$
- (B) $g_n = 5\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{(n-1)}$
- (C) $g_n = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{5}n$
- (D) $g_n = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{5}(n-1)$

78. The rate, in liters per hour, at which water is being pumped from a well is modeled by the function r given by $r(t) = (t+2)\cos\left(\frac{t}{3}\right) + 14$, where t is measured in hours since midnight ($t = 0$). What is the absolute maximum rate, in liters per hour, at which water is being pumped from the well over the 24-hour period for $0 \leq t \leq 24$?

- (A) 52.206
- (B) 35.061
- (C) 17.145
- (D) 10.217

D B B B B



Graph of f

The figure shows the graph of a polynomial function f . Consider the five points labeled A , B , C , D , and E . These points indicate locations of intercepts and extrema for f and points of inflection of the graph of f . Which of the following statements is true?

- (A) A is the location of a relative minimum, C is the location of a relative maximum, and D is a point of inflection of the graph.
- (B) E is the location of a relative minimum, C is the location of a relative maximum, and B is a point of inflection of the graph.
- (C) E is the location of a relative minimum, D is the location of a relative maximum, and B is a point of inflection of the graph.
- (D) E is the location of a relative minimum, C is the location of a relative maximum, and A is a point of inflection of the graph.

B B B B B B B B

x	$g(x)$
1.5	5
2.1	1
5.7	15
8.5	3
10.6	-4
14.3	2

80. The table presents values for a function g at selected values of x . A quartic regression is used to model the data. What is the value of $g(6.5)$ predicted by the quartic function model?

- (A) 3.913
- (B) 5.466
- (C) 10.900
- (D) 12.208

81. The rational functions f and g are defined by $f(x) = \frac{30x}{x^2 + 10}$ and $g(x) = \frac{2x - 1}{x^3 + 15}$. If the function h is defined by $h(x) = f(x) - g(x)$, what are all real zeros of h ?

- (A) 0 and 0.5
- (B) -1.901 and 3.230
- (C) -2.395 and -0.023
- (D) -4.566 and -0.067

B B B B B B B B

During a 24-hour period, the temperature in degrees Celsius ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) outside of a building can be modeled by a sinusoidal function f . The two consecutive lowest temperatures of $^{\circ}\text{C}$ during the time interval are $^{\circ}\text{C}$ at $t = 0$ and $t = 24$ hours. The highest temperature of $^{\circ}\text{C}$ during this time interval is reached at $t = 12$ hours. If $y = f(x)$, what is an equation for the midline of the graph of f in the coordinate plane?

- (A) $y = \frac{2\pi}{24}$
- (B) $y = 8$
- (C) $y = 12$
- (D) $y = 15$

β B B B B B B B

83. The decreasing function f has the property that for all real numbers a and b in the domain of f , if $a < b$, then $f(a) > f(b)$. In the xy -plane, the graph of f is always concave up. Of the following, which is a possible table of values for f ?

(A)

x	$f(x)$
-1	7
0	6
1	4
2	2

(B)

x	$f(x)$
1	7.05
2	5.35
3	2.65
4	-1.05

(C)

x	$f(x)$
2	6.39
3	7.70
4	9.29
5	11.19

(D)

x	$f(x)$
7	4.34
8	1.87
9	0.80
10	0.35

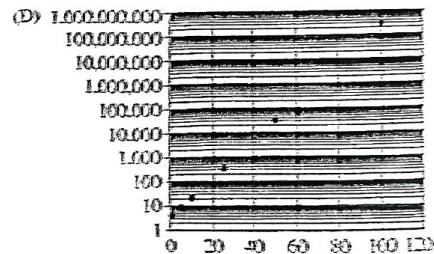
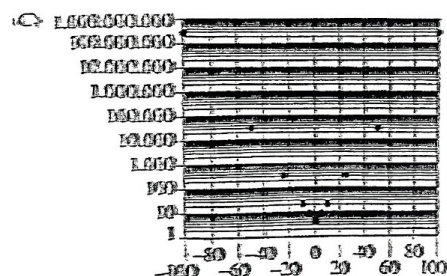
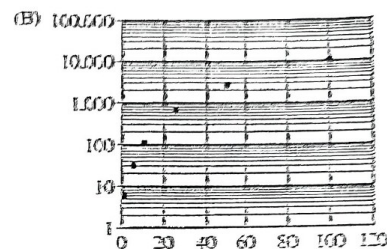
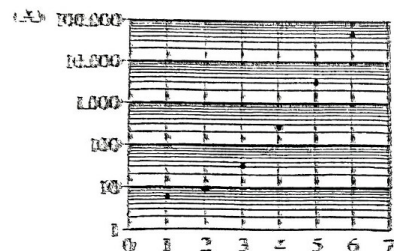
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4. At time $t = 0$, a bank account that earns 4% annual interest contains \$100. The amount of money, in dollars, in the account can be modeled by the exponential function v given by $v(t) = 100(1.04)^t$, with time t measured in years. How many years would it take for the value of the account to increase from \$200 to \$300? Assume that no money was taken out of the account, and no additional money besides interest was added to the account.

- (A) 10.338
(B) 14.006
(C) 17.673
(D) 28.011

β B B B B B B B B

95. A data set is modeled by an exponential function of the form $g(x) = ab^x$, where $a > 0$ and $b > 1$. A semi-log plot of the data set is constructed. If g is an appropriate model, which of the following could be a semi-log plot of the data?



- The function g is given by $g(x) = (x^2 - 3)\sin(x - 1)$. The function k is given by $k(x) = \cos x$. On the closed interval $[0, 2\pi]$, what are the x -coordinates of the points of intersection of the graphs of g and k in the xy -plane?

- (A) $x = -0.510$, $x = -0.110$, and $x = 0.772$
 (B) $x = 0.689$, $x = 1.681$, and $x = 4.177$
 (C) $x = 1$, $x = 1.732$, and $x = 4.142$
 (D) $x = 1.379$, $x = 3.274$, and $x = 6.058$

87. Let $r = f(\theta)$ be a polar function with $f(\theta) = -4 \sin \theta \cos(2\theta)$. Which of the following is an estimate

for $r = f(1.5)$, using the average rate of change of r with respect to θ over the interval $\left[\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{2\pi}{3}\right]$?

- (A) -0.643
- (B) 0.366
- (C) 0.698
- (D) 1.609

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
$f(x)$	4	6	9	13.5	20.25	30.375

1. The domain of f consists of the six real numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. The table defines the function f for these values. The function g is given by $g(x) = \frac{12(x-2)}{(x+2)(x-5)}$.
- (A) (i) The function h is defined by $h(x) = (g \circ f)(x) = g(f(x))$. Find the value of $h(6)$ as a decimal approximation, or indicate that it is not defined.
 - (ii) Find the value of $f^{-1}(4)$, or indicate that it is not defined.
 - (B) (i) Find all values of x , as decimal approximations, for which $g(x) = 5$, or indicate that there are no values.
 - (ii) Determine the end behavior of g as x increases without bound. Express your answer using the mathematical notation of a limit.
 - (C) (i) Use the table of values of $f(x)$ to determine if f is best modeled by a linear, quadratic, exponential, or logarithmic function.
 - (ii) Give a reason for your answer based on the relationship between the change in the output values and the change in the input values of f .

Write your responses to this question only on the designated pages in the separate Free Response booklet. Write your solution to each part in the space provided for that part.

- (B) The function h can be written in the form $h(t) = a \cos(b(t+c)) + d$. Find values of constants a , b , c , and d .

(C) Refer to the graph of h in part (A). The t -coordinate of G is t_1 , and the t -coordinate of J is t_2 .

(i) On the interval (t_1, t_2) , which of the following is true about h ?

- a. h is positive and increasing.
- b. h is positive and decreasing.
- c. h is negative and increasing.
- d. h is negative and decreasing.

(ii) Describe how the rate of change of h is changing on the interval (t_1, t_2) .

Write your responses to this question only on the designated pages in the separate Free Response booklet. Write your solution to each part in the space provided for that part.

4. Directions:

- Unless otherwise specified, the domain of a function f is assumed to be the set of all real numbers x for which $f(x)$ is a real number. Angle measures for trigonometric functions are assumed to be in radians.
- Solutions to equations must be real numbers. Determine the exact value of any expression that can be obtained without a calculator. For example, $\log_2 8$, $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, and $\sin^{-1}(1)$ can be evaluated without a calculator.
- Unless otherwise specified, combine terms using algebraic methods and rules for exponents and logarithms, where applicable. For example, $2x + 3x$, $5^2 \cdot 5^3$, $\frac{x^5}{x^2}$, and $\ln 3 + \ln 5$ should be rewritten in equivalent forms.
- For each part of the question, show the work that leads to your answers.

(A) The functions g and h are given by

$$g(x) = \arcsin(2x - 1)$$

$$h(x) = 2^{(3x+1)}$$

(i) Solve $g(x) = \frac{\pi}{6}$ for values of x in the domain of g .

(ii) Solve $h(x) = 7$ for values of x in the domain of h .

(B) The functions j and k are given by

$$j(x) = \ln(x + 2) - \ln 5 + 3 \ln x$$

$$k(x) = \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right) \cos x.$$

(i) Rewrite $j(x)$ as a single natural logarithm without negative exponents in any part of the expression. Your result should be of the form $\ln(\text{expression})$.

(ii) Rewrite $k(x)$ as an expression in which $\sin x$ appears once and no other trigonometric functions are involved.

(C) The function m is given by

$$m(x) = 2 \cos^2 x - \cos x.$$

Find all values in the domain of m that yield an output value of 1.

Write your responses to this question only on the designated pages in the separate Free Response booklet. Write your solution to each part in the space provided for that part.

Answer QUESTION 1 part (b) on this page.

10	2	12	3	4	5	6
700	4	6	3	25	322	3257

Answer the question 2,3,4)

17

Figure 4

with the intent to defraud or to obtain the property of another by means of a false statement or representation.

Answer QUESTION 1 parts (B) and (C) on this page.

Response for question 1(B)

(i)

(ii)

Response for question 1(C)

(i)

(ii)

Use a pencil or a pen with black or dark blue ink. Do NOT write your name. Do NOT write outside the box.

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